Exhibit 01

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                  IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
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                      FOR THE DISTRICT OF DELAWARE
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      GOLO, LLC,
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                        Plaintiff,
                                         C.A. No. 20-667-CFC
 6
      V.
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      GOLI NUTRITION INC., a
                                       ) Trial Volume I
      Canadian Corporation, GOLI
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      NUTRITION, INC., a Delaware
      Corporation, and MICHAEL
 9
      BITENSKY,
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                        Defendants.
      GOLI NUTRITION INC., a Canadian )
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      Corporation, GOLI NUTRITION
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      INC., a Delaware Corporation
      and MICHAEL BITENSKY,
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             Counter-Plaintiffs,
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      V.
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      GOLO, LLC and CHRISTOPHER
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      LUNDIN,
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             Counter-Defendants.
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                                       J. Caleb Boggs Courthouse
                                       844 North King Street
19
                                       Wilmington, Delaware
20
                                       Tuesday, August 22, 2023
                                       8:26 a.m.
21
                                       Jury Trial
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      BEFORE: THE HONORABLE COLM F. CONNOLLY, U.S.D.C.J.
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Butler - Direct

04:40:43 1 Α. So, I surveyed U.S. residents who were 18 years or 04:40:46 2 older, who have or are likely to purchase a vitamin or nutritional supplement. And they're sampled from all over 04:40:50 3 the United States, and we collected data from 406 consumers. 04:40:56 4 And how did you go about identifying the 406 people 04:41:01 5 that were in your sample from that broader population? 04:41:05 6 04:41:08 7 Α. Yeah. So -- so, when I started doing this kind of work, we used to do these surveys in shopping malls, but 04:41:11 8 04:41:14 9 that's not how we do them anymore. What we typically use 04:41:18 10 are what are called Internet panels. So, these are consumers -- millions of Americans 04:41:21 11 04:41:24 12 who have agreed to sign up and participate in the market 04:41:28 13 research or survey research. And we go into those panels with millions and millions of people, and we randomly select 04:41:33 14 04:41:36 15 individuals to participate. And then to make sure that 04:41:39 16 people are qualified, we ask a series of screening 04:41:42 17 questions, right. 04:41:42 18 So, we start basically with a random sample of 04:41:45 19 the U.S. population and then find the people who are 04:41:48 20 specifically qualified to participate. 04:41:50 21 Ο. And are you sure, Ms. Butler, that you can take the 04:41:54 22 results from the 406 randomly selected people and apply that 04:41:58 23 to the broader population of customers that are likely or 04:42:02 24 have purchased a vitamin or nutritional supplement? Yes. So, a good rule of thumb is you can think that 04:42:05 25 Α.

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	Butler - Direct
04:42:08 1	a sample size of 100 has about a plus or minus of 10
04:42:12 2	percent. For 400, that's about 3 percent. And then that
04:42:18 3	number continues to go down.
04:42:20 4	So, as the sample size gets bigger, you don't
04:42:23 5	continue to get gains like that. So, 400 is a good number.
04:42:27 6	It also allows me to collect data from men and women, all
04:42:31 7	different age groups, all across the United States.
04:42:34 8	Q. And were you able to identify men and women and
04:42:37 9	people in all different age groups across the United States
04:42:39 10	in your sample?
04:42:40 11	A. Yes.
04:42:41 12	Q. All right. Let's talk about how the survey actually
04:42:44 13	worked.
04:42:45 14	MR. MUNDEL: And we can go to the next
04:42:46 15	demonstrative.
04:42:46 16	BY MR. MUNDEL:

BY MR. MUNDEL:

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- And, Ms. Butler, can you just explain the steps of the survey that you used in this case?
- Yes. So, I mean, we talked about getting the right group of people and kind of a random selection of people.

The other thing that's really important in a survey like this is to make sure that what we're having people -- the exercise that we're having people undergo in the survey looks like the real world, right, because we want to be able to take our survey results and say something

Butler - Direct

about the real world. If there's not a connection, right, if what we have -- the exercise doesn't really look like the real world, then the results aren't going to be meaningful.

So, in this case, and I think we've heard about television advertising and Instagram advertising, we showed respondents a GOLO television commercial and then we showed them what's called a distractor. And that's because, of course, you might be watching TV and, I don't know, the doorbell rings, or the dog barks, or the kids yell your name. There's some distraction. And then we showed respondents a series of Instagram ads, including an ad from goli and some other ads, and then asked them confusion questions.

- Q. To what extent is having respondents look at a television commercial and then a social media advertisement consistent with the way Americans consume media?
- A. Sure. I mean, I think we probably all know that lots of us now sit and watch television and look through our phones, or have our phones right by our side. As well, we made sure that respondents in the survey indicated that they both watched television and look at social media. And we didn't have any problems finding consumers who do both of those things.
- Q. All right. Now, let's run through each of those steps in a bit more detail. And we'll start with

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standing.
THE COURT: Oh, okay. That's good.
All right. I'll see you tomorrow morning.
And, again, around 8:15 just because just in
case an issue pops up.
Thank you very much.
DEPUTY CLERK: All rise.
(Court was recessed at 5:03 p.m.)
I hereby certify the foregoing is a true and
accurate transcript from my stenographic notes in the
proceeding.
<u>/s/ Heather M. Triozzi</u> Certified Merit and Real-Time Reporter
U.S. District Court